REACH Substance Declaration

The attached data sheet is provided in accordance with the substance(s) advised as being present in the "article" listed.

In accordance with the REACH regulations, this "safety information" is provided as a service to our customers and is as complete as we are able to determine as part of our continual updating of product information provided by our suppliers.

It should be noted that the information will refer to the substance in its pure (liquid chemical) form prior to incorporation into the product, and unless stated is not for intentional release as part of its primary function. To the best of our knowledge and belief this product does not present any hazard to customers by handling or inclusion into larger assemblies or upon eventual disposal unless specifically advised.

The details presented are in accordance with our present knowledge and experiences. They are not contractual assurances of product attributes.



Lead oxide (cas 1317-36-8) MSDS

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) oxide

Product Number : 15338

Brand : -

Index-No. : 082-001-00-6 CAS-No. : 1317-36-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A) Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1) Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

May cause harm to the unborn child. Possible risk of impaired fertility. Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Danger of cumulative effects. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

Restricted to professional users.

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended.

Hazard symbol(s)

R-phrase(s)

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child. R20/22 Also harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

R33 Danger of cumulative effects.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

S-phrase(s)

S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label where possible).

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. S60 S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/ Safety

data sheets

Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances 3 1

Formula OPh

Molecular Weight : 223,20 g/mol

Concentration Component

Lead monoxide

CAS-No. 1317-36-8 EC-No. 215-267-0 Index-No. 082-001-00-6

4. **FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., Anorexia., Vomiting, Convulsions, Nausea, Headache, Weakness, anemia, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Lead oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 **Further information**

no data available

6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6 1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

Environmental precautions 6.2

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

7.3 Specific end uses

no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Immersion protection Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: > 480 min

Material tested:Dermatril? (Z677272, Size M)

Splash protection Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: > 30 min

Material tested:Dermatril? (Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 873000, e-mail sales@kcl.de,

test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an Industrial Hygienist familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: powder Colour: light yellow

b) Odour no data available
 c) Odour Threshold no data available
 d) pH 9,9 at 100 g/l at 20 °C

e) Melting point/freezing

point

Melting point/range: 886 °C - lit.

f) Initial boiling point and

boiling range

no data available

g) Flash point not applicable
h) Evaporation rate no data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available

j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits no data available

k) Vapour pressure no data available
l) Vapour density no data available
m) Relative density 9,530 g/cm3
n) Water solubility no data available

 Partition coefficient: noctanol/water no data available

p) Autoignition temperature

no data available

q) Decomposition temperature

no data available

r) Viscosity no data available
 s) Explosive properties no data available
 t) Oxidizing properties no data available

9.2 Other safety information

no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Hydrogen peroxide, Strong oxidizing agents, acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - rabbit - Mild skin irritation - 24 h

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - rabbit - No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Embryo Morphological transformation.

Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be probably carcinogenic based on its IARC, OSHA, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead monoxide)

2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead monoxide)

Reproductive toxicity

May cause congenital malformation in the fetus.

Known human reproductive toxicant

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., Anorexia., Vomiting, Convulsions, Nausea, Headache, Weakness, anemia, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Additional Information

RTECS: OG1750000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0,298 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0,132 mg/l - 48 h

other aquatic invertebrates

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 2291 IMDG: 2291 IATA: 2291

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (Lead monoxide) IMDG: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (Lead monoxide)

IATA: Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s. (Lead monoxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1 IATA: 6.1

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture no data available

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

no data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information this document is based on the resent state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. guidechem shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.